

# Municipal Solid Waste(MSW)charging training material for Private Hospitals



# **Training Framework**

- 1. Overview of MSW Charging
- 2. Legislative Requirements
- 3. Implementation of MSW Charging in Private Hospitals
  - Determination of the Applicable Charging Mode(s)
  - Implementing "Charging by Designated Bags"
  - Implementing "Charging by Weight"

### 4. Waste Reduction and Recycling Arrangements

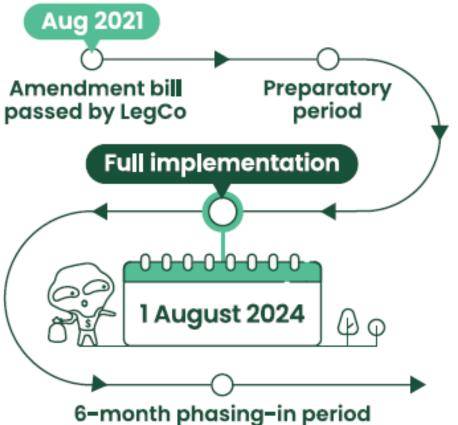


# **Overview of the MSW charging**

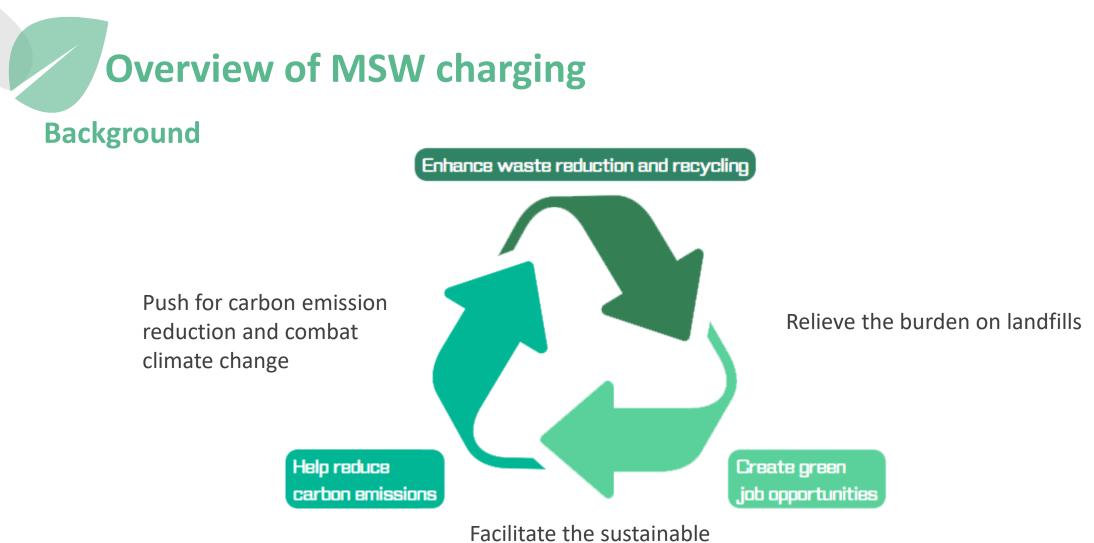




The Government will implement Municipal Solid Waste Charging (MSW charging) on 1 August 2024.

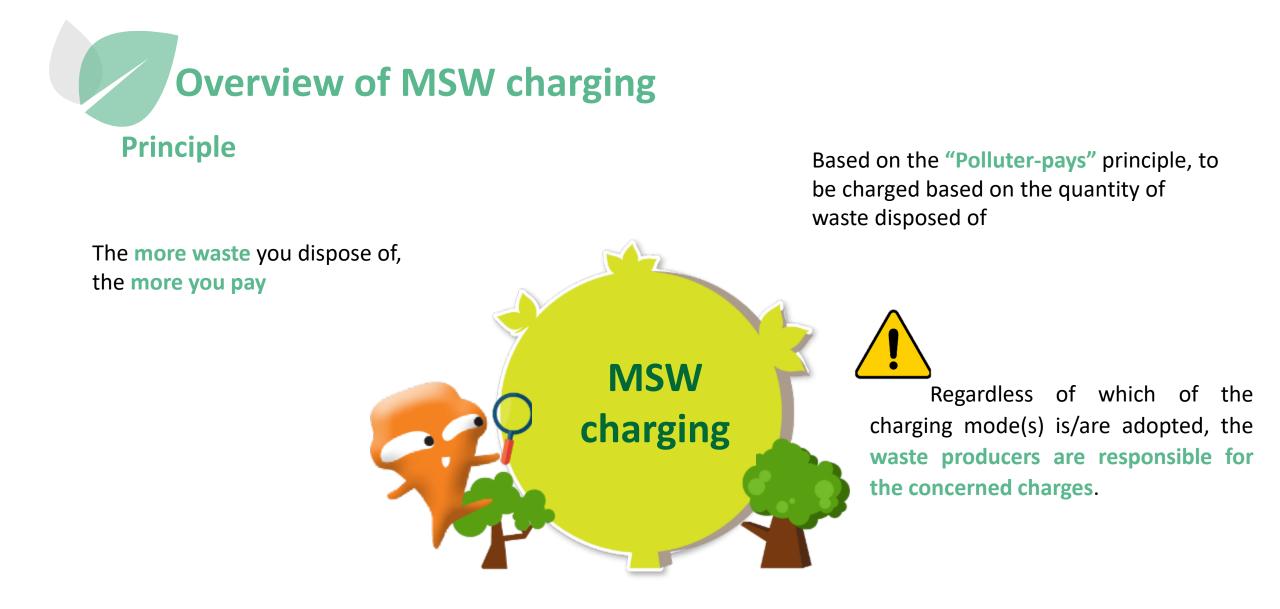






development of related industries and the creation of green job opportunities













#### **Domestic waste**

Commercial and Industrial waste

Construction waste, chemical waste, and clinical waste are not subject to the MSW charging regime





垃圾收費



The applicable charging mode(s) depends on the existing waste collection arrangements on the premises

# **Overview of MSW charging**

#### **Charging Mechanism**

Waste collected by refuse collection vehicles (RCV) of FEHD's and its contractors (with or without rear compactor) or private waste collectors' (PWCs) RCVs with rear compactors. (Mainly suitable for general waste in private hospital.)



RCV of FEHD's and its contractors



PWC's RCVs with rear compactors



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Charging by designated 
bags/labels
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Waste collected by PWCs' RCVs without rear compactors

(Mainly suitable for private hospital to disposal of waste that is oversized, irregularly shaped, and collected using a refuse skip.)





PWC's RCVs without rear compactors





# **Overview of MSW charging**

**Charging by Designated Bags** 

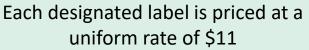
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9 different common sizes (ranging from 3-litre to 100-litre)

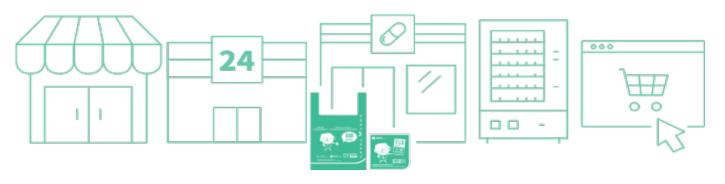
2 Designs: T-shirt bag and Flat-top bag

Designated bags are also available in 240-litre and 640-litre, charged at \$26 and \$73 per bag respectively. Application and approval by EPD is needed for purchasing these two types of bags



# **Charging by Designated Bags**

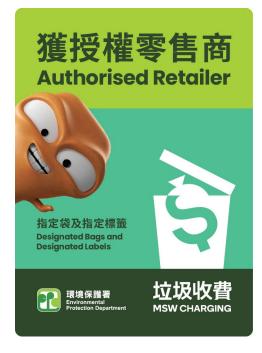
Authorised Sales Points/Platform for Designated Bags and Designated Labels



 Available for sale on authorised online platforms and at a few thousands of authorised sales points

ental Protection Department

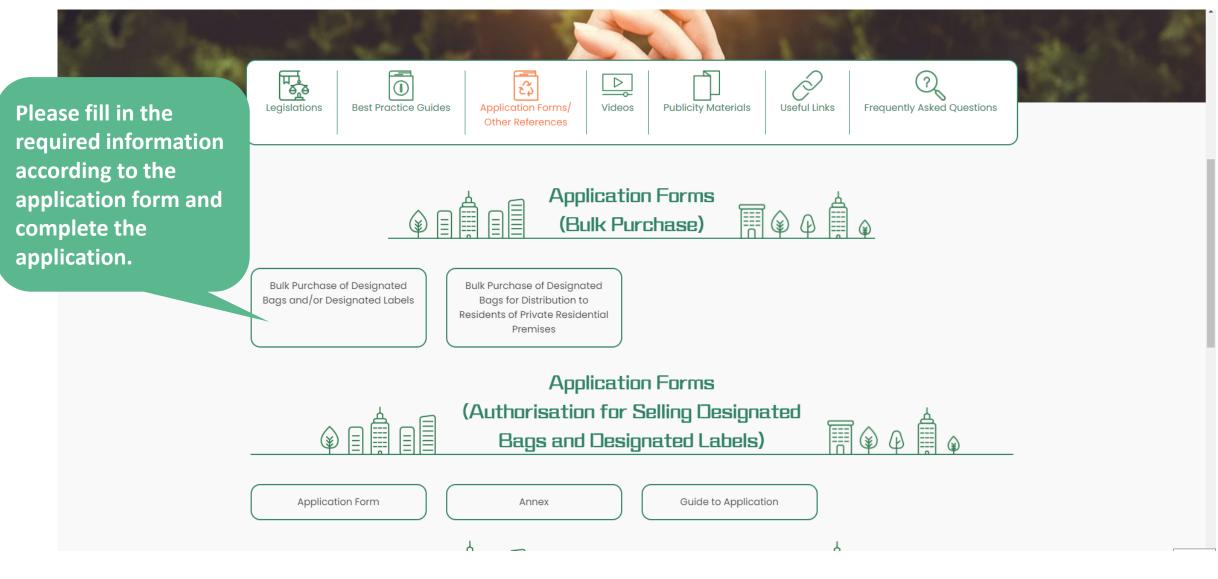
including supermarkets, convenience stores, pharmacies, etc.



Visit EPD's MSW website for the details of general retail and bulk for designated bags / designated labels

Any company, organization, or individual member of the public should only purchase designated bags and designated labels from sales points/online platforms authorised by the EPD to avoid purchasing counterfeit products.

### **Application Form for Bulk Purchase**





**Overview of MSW charging** 

#### **Charging by Weight**

- Designated bags/ Designated labels are not applicable
- According to the disposal location, the "gate fee" charged by weight of the waste is as follows:
  - \$395 Per Tonne
  - \$365 Per Tonne

#### Apportionment of "Gate-fee"

彋堷保護署

ISW CHARGING

Private hospital should discuss with PWCs the apportionment arrangements.

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# Legislative Requirements



### **Legislative Requirements**

#### **Charging by Designated Bags: Cleansing Staffs**

Cleansing staffs **shall not** deposit non-compliant waste (NCW) at the following enforcement points. Or hand the NCW to the staff at the enforcement points. (E.g., FEHD/PWC's RCVs)

Otherwise, it constitutes an offence



FEHD's and its contractors' refuse collection vehicles

PWC's refuse collection vehicles with rear compactors

**FPN** 







### **Legislative Requirements**

Charging by Designated Bags : Tenant and Residents of Staff dormitory using Waste Collection Service provided by Private Hospital

- It is required to use designated bags to dispose of general waste and affix designated labels to dispose of oversized waste before disposing it at the communal waste reception areas(enforcement points). (E.g., refuse rooms / inlet of the refuse chute on individual floors, staircase landings, central refuse collection points, oversized waste reception areas, etc., otherwise, it constitutes an offense)
- It constitutes an offense if tenant/ merchants/ residents instruct cleansing workers to dispose of waste in a noncompliant manner.

# Communal waste reception areas





Waste collection bin at the staircase landing

Refuse rooms on individual floor



Inlet of the refuse chute on individual floor

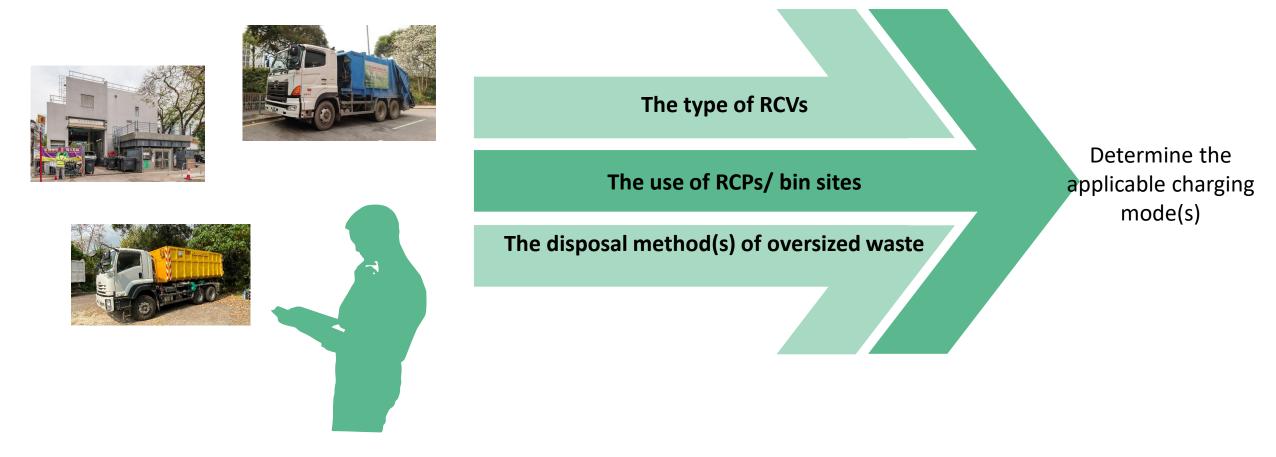


Central refuse collection points





#### **Determination of the Applicable Charging Mode(s)**



#### Determination of the Applicable Charging Mode(s) – Charging Modes with Refuse Compaction Systems

1. Mobile Refuse Compaction System (Refuse

Compactor)



環境保護署

立圾收費

2. Stationary Compaction



3. Automatic Refuse Collection

System



Waste collected by PWCs' RCVs without rear compactors.

Collected by hook-lift trucks

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Charging by Weight

#### Determination of the Applicable Charging Mode(s) – Charging Modes with Refuse Compaction Systems

4. Rotary Drum Refuse Compaction System



# Waste collected by PWC's RCVs with **rear compactors**.



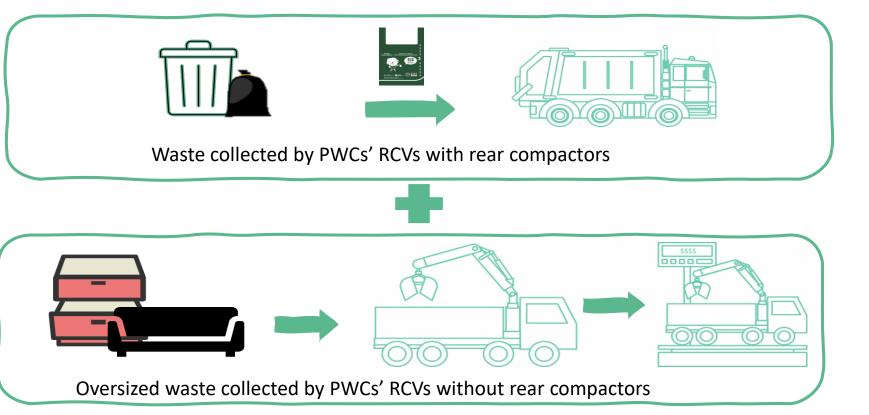
**Charging by** 

**Designated Bags** 



#### More than one applicable MSW Charging modes

- There may be more than one applicable MSW charging modes depending on the existing waste collection modes of the premises
- Person in charge of private hospital should inform the staffs/tenants who use the waste collection services provided by private hospital/ residents of staff dormitories in advance about the collection arrangements and charging modes for different types of waste at the premises.





#### **Implementation "Charging by Designated Bags"**

- 1. Monitor and guide frontline staffs to follow the legislative requirements
- Formulate implementation, management, and monitoring plans with the responsibilities and roles of different stakeholders defined, and update stakeholders on the change in waste management (e.g., separating recyclables).
- Formulate relevant notices and guidelines.
- Enhance training to strengthen the knowledge of staff to ensure that they clearly understand the legislative requirements and guidelines, and waste is wrapped in designated bags before disposal.
- Display "Reminder" at prominent locations (e.g., Communal waste reception areas or designated locations for collection by RCVs )



Person in charge of private hospital/ administration staff



# **2.** Measures to facilitate the compliance of frontline workers with the laws

Cleansing workers may line the containers in the private hospital with designated bags in advance to facilitate workers to dispose of garbage properly.

#### Person in charge of private hospital/ administration staff





#### Public space in private hospital



3. Clear Delineation on Communal Waste Reception Areas (Suitable for Tenant and Residents of Staff dormitory who use the waste collection service provided by private hospital)

- The communal waste reception areas are the enforcement points.
- Private hospital should work with the cleansing contractors to delineate the communal waste reception areas according to the premises' waste management.
- Display signages at prominent locations





#### 4. Waste collection arrangements for cleansing workers

#### Source of the waste

**Corresponding Actions** 

- Ward
- Consultation Room
- Office
- Nurse Station
- Kitchen  $\succ$
- **Public Spaces** Example:
  - Lobby
  - Garden
  - Platform
  - Registry ۲
  - Shroff
  - Rehabilitatio n center



- > Cleansing workers may line the containers with designated bags in advance/ collect all the waste using a large designated bag at once.
- Cleansing workers are required to ensure all waste collected from private hospital is properly wrapped in designated bags before handing it over to FEHD and it's contractors/ PWCs' RCVs with rear compactors.

















#### 4. Waste collection arrangements for cleansing workers

Source of the waste

**Corresponding Actions** 

- When cleansing workers are collecting canteen's/snack counters' general waste from the communal waste reception areas:
- Should check whether the waste has been properly wrapped in designated bags and reject any NCW given to them.
- Tenants who use the waste collection services provided by private hospital (e.g. restaurant)
- To maintain environmental hygiene, cleansing workers can further handle any NCW from unknown sources found in the communal waste reception areas
- Should not collect the restaurant's waste using a large designated bag. Depending on the restaurant's needs, they may arrange the purchase of transparent garbage bags to line the collection bins.
- Ensure relevant waste is properly wrapped using the designated bags before handing it over to FEHD and it's contractors/ PWCs' RCVs with rear compactors



#### **Charging by Weight**

#### 1. Arrangements for opening "gate-fee" accounts

Type A Account	Type B Account
Mainly targets at PWCs	Mainly targets at large scale waste producers (e.g. large-scale facilities, factories, shopping malls)

#### **Payment Arrangements**

The EPD will issue monthly statements to account holders by mail or email. They are required to make payment within 30 days from the issue date of the statement. Otherwise, a surcharge on top of the "gate-fee" will become payable.

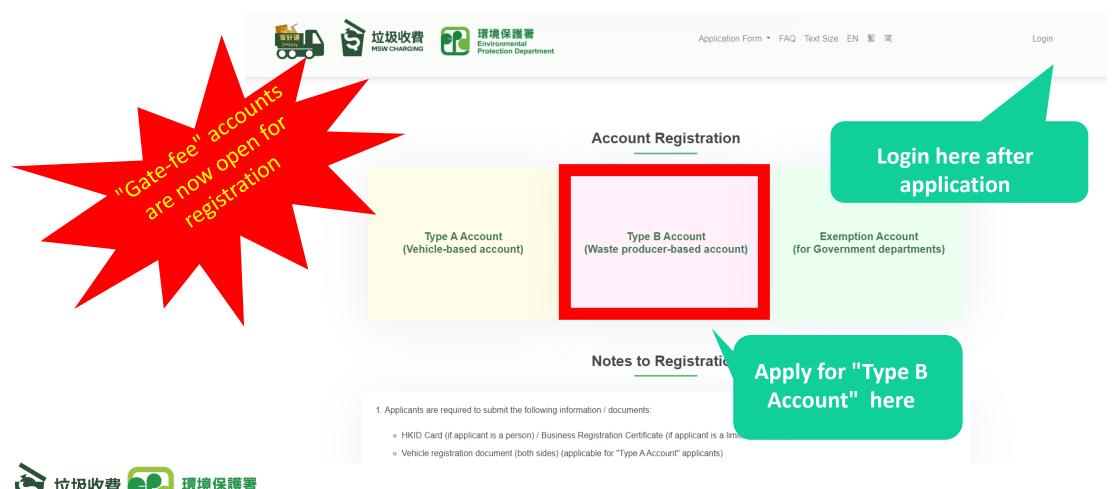
- Private hospital may engage PWCs with "Type A Account" directly to collect and dispose of waste on their behalf.
- Private hospital should discuss with PWCs the arrangements for waste collection services and list the relevant arrangements and calculation methods in the contract, to protect the interests of both parties
- Private hospital may apply for "Type B Account" direct and hire vehicles registered under "Type A Accounts" to dispose of waste at the waste disposal facilities and pay the relevant fees directly to the EPD



#### **Charging by Weight**

Environmental Protection Department

SW CHARGING





Complete the application by filling out the required information as requested on the website

Particulars of Applicant	Particulars of Waste Producer	e-Chits	Declaration of Applicant	Preview	Confirmation
Particulars o	of Applicant				
*Title					
O Mr O Mrs O	Ms O Company O Other				
*Name in English (	Surname First)	Name in Chinese			
*H.K. Identity Card	No.				
e.g. A123456(3)					
*Residential Addre	SS				



#### 2. Waste collection arrangements

- Waste collected by PWCs using RVCs without rear compactors and disposed of at waste disposal facilities, a "gate-fee" will be charged based on its weight.
- Charging by weight does not need to wrap the waste in designated bags or affix it with a designated label to avoid double payment.
- Cleansing workers can use ordinary garbage bags to collect and dispose of waste collected in private hospital and hand it over to PWCs.







#### **3** Gate-fee"- Payment Arrangements

With permitted resources and sufficient space in the refuse room, private hospital may consider installing electronic scales to facilitate PMCs to estimate the corresponding weight of the waste and the "gate-fee".







# Waste Reduction and Recycling Arrangements



### Waste Reduction and Recycling Arrangements

Active participation in clean recycling (paper, plastic bottles, aluminum cans, glass bottles, and food waste) can reduce MSW charging fees.
 Non-recyclable wastes should not be disposed of in recycle bins.
 Recycling can reduce waste and save money using designated bags with smaller capacity for waste disposal.



# Best Practice Guide on Implementation of Waste Reduction 1. Wards/Public areas



Set up recycling bins in wards/public areas (such as lobby/gardens, etc.) in private hospital to facilitate patients/visitors/employees to recycle, and cleansing workers can then take the recyclables to the central recycling collection point.



# Best Practice Guide on Implementation of Waste Reduction

2. Central waste collection point



Set up recycling bins with clear markings of the types of recyclables at central refuse collection points in private hospital to facilitate frontline cleansing workers to sort and recycle waste.





#### 2. Kitchen in Private Hospital

#### Food waste before meals

- ✓ Separate the food packaging and recycle the materials as much as possible.
- Place a trash can for pre-meal food waste and a trash can with designated bags to collect food waste and general waste separately near the workbench.







# Best Practice Guide on Implementation of Waste Reduction

#### 2. Kitchen in Private Hospital

#### Food waste after meals

- Place food waste collection bins, recycling bins, and trash cans lined with designated bags to collect general waste near the washing area.
- Frontline workers can separate food waste and unrecyclable materials(such as tableware, toothpicks, paper towels, etc.) when cleaning tables after meals.
   Food waste can be disposed of in food waste collection bins in the kitchen.
- Use a sift to separate liquids from food waste for transportation and subsequent processing.
- Avoid recycling food waste generated during dishwashing.
- Clear "Reminder" should be displayed on recycling bins and food waste bins to ensure employees dispose of recyclables and food waste correctly







# **Pilot Scheme on Food Waste Collection**

- The scheme targets premises (including public and private C&I sectors) with higher food waste quantities and lower impurities.
- The collected food waste is delivered to the food waste recycling facilities to convert into energy or compost.
- EPD will provide frontline staff training on food waste source separation and collection, as well as promotional materials for distribution to tenants.
- If PMCs would like to participate in the pilot program, they may contact the EPD at fwc@epd.gov.hk









O Hong Kong Waste Reduction Website





# Thank you for supporting MSW charging

